Drains
Post Op
After surgery, you will have one or several drains, called a Jackson-Pratt (JP) drain, placed near the incision. This device collects fluid, under suction, from the surgical area. The drain promotes healing and recovery, and reduces the chance of infection. The drain will be in place until the drainage slows down enough for your body to reabsorb fluids on its own.

How to Empty Your JP Drain

- Wash your hands thoroughly before emptying your drain(s).
- Have the plastic measuring cup from the hospital ready to collect and measure the drainage. Please measure the output at the same two times every 24 hours and record the amount.
- Unpin the drain from your clothing.
- Open the top of the drain. Turn the drain upside down and squeeze the contents of the bulb into the measuring cup. Be sure to empty the bulb as completely as possible. Flush the contents in the toilet.
- Use the drain output log chart to record the amount of drainage twice a day or anytime the bulb is full. Record the total for 24 hours for each drain you have.
- If you have more than one drain, remember to record that drainage for each drain separately.
- To prevent infection, do not let the stopper or top of the bottle touch the measuring cup or any other surface.
- Use one hand to squeeze all of the air from the drain, with the drain squeezed, use your other hand to replace the top. This creates the suction necessary to remove the fluids from your body.
- Pin the drain back on your clothing to avoid pulling it out accidentally.
- Wash your hands again.

****Remember to wash your hands before and after touching the drains to reduce the risk of infection.****

Stripping the Tube

Often products of healing will not flow out of the narrow tube and prevent proper draining. If you do not have drainage, then:

- Hold the tube near where it is inserted into the skin with your one hand.
- Use the other hand to hold a pencil and gently squeeze the tubing with the pencil while moving it down toward the drain away from your skin. This forces the more solid material into the bulb for better drainage.
- Strip the drain at least 3 times a day or more often as necessary to start the drainage again.

Removal of the Tube

The tube may be removed once a single tube output is less than 30cc (1 oz.) in 24 hours. Call our office to schedule an appointment.

DO NOT remove the drains yourself.
CALL OUR OFFICE IF YOU DEVELOP ANY OF THE FOLLOWING: 505.888.3844 or 505.857.3933
- The output becomes thicker or has a bad odor.
- You suddenly stop draining fluid or think your JP drain is blocked.
- You have a fever higher than 101.5 degrees F (38.06 degrees C)
- You have increased pain, redness, swelling, or tenderness to touch around the drain site.
- You have questions about your JP drain care.

OFFICE TELEPHONE AND AFTER HOURS ANSWERING SERVICE - 505.888.3844

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